Gothic Mede Academy Pupil Premium Strategy 2018-19

Pupil Premium funding was first introduced in April 2011. It is designed to support those children who are deemed to be from a disadvantaged background. Money is given to schools to enable them to target specific support to improve outcomes for this group of children. The funding is triggered by the following:

- A child is currently eligible for free school meals, or they have been during the least six years (Ever6).
- A child is currently in the care of the Local Authority, or they have been during the last five years.
- A child who has a parent currently serving in the armed forces.

Funding for the Academic Year 2019 – 2018 is as follows

- £1,320 for children of families who are in receipt of benefits that would qualify them for free school meals.
- £2,300 for children who are being or have been looked after by the Local Authority during the last five years.
- £300 for children who have parents in the armed services.
- £300 for children aged three or four who are eligible for Early Years Pupil Premium (EYPP).

The government does not stipulate how the Pupil Funding should be spent, but does expect the money to be directed towards ensuring any disadvantage may be overcome, and that any gap in attainment between disadvantaged pupils and their peers should be closed.

At Gothic Mede Academy there are **41** pupils (13%) who qualify currently for the *Pupil Premium Grant* (including *Ever6, Service Premium* and *Looked-after Children*). The grant for the 2018-19 academic year totals £35,900

Consistently high expectations for the outcomes for all *disadvantaged Pupils* are enshrined in a whole school ethos of 'Pupil Premium First,' which prioritises the creation of opportunities for *disadvantaged pupils* to excel in all areas of school life.

Teachers and school leaders are continually assessing the needs of *disadvantaged pupils* through use of *Target Tracker* data, detailing attainment and progress, ongoing discussions with teachers and identification of contextual influences.

Support staff have been deployed accordingly, either to deliver one to one or small group support, to develop Phonics skills in EYFS and Year 1. Reading, Writing and Mathematics in *Keystages 1 and 2*, or to release class teachers to work directly with *disadvantaged pupils*.

Contextual challenges that have been identified include attendance, Special Educational Needs, safeguarding issues and concerns regarding emotional well-being. To address these barriers the school leadership team are investigating strategies to improve attendance and better support pupils and their families.

Outcomes and the success of individual initiatives are assessed regularly through the use of assessment data recorded on the whole-school assessment system *Target Tracker*, comparisons with local and national data and discussions with teachers and support staff.

Areas that have been identified for the academic year 2018-19 are:

- The provision of one to one and small group interventions for phonics and early maths in EYFS and KS1.
- The provision of one to one and small group interventions for spelling and mathematics in KS1 and KS2.
- The provision of online learning resources for maths, reading and spelling to increase the attainment of disadvantaged pupils through study at school and at home.
- The implementation of strategies to improve the attendance of *disadvantaged* pupils.
- The use of strategies to improve the emotional wellbeing of *disadvantaged* pupils.
- Supporting families to identify pupil welfare concerns in advance of crises.
- Providing additional academic support to increase the proportion of *disadvantaged* pupils that exceed age-related expectation.
- The provision of additional opportunities for *disadvantaged* pupils, 'taking pupils out into the world and bringing the world into the school.'
- Ensuring that the basic needs of disadvantaged pupils are met through initiatives such as free snacks, clothing vouchers, support from Family Worker.

To this end, when deciding on additional support and intervention programmes, teachers and school leaders identify strategies with proven track records and evidence of success, either from previous academic cycles or through national research such as that provided by the Education Endowment Foundation (EFF) and the National Foundation for Educational Research (NFER).

These include prioritising *Disadvantaged Pupils* when implementing initiatives such as:

- Improving the quality and impact of focused feedback to pupils and self and peerassessment, using strategies developed by Shirley Clarke.
- The promotion of strategies to embed 'meta-cognition' approaches to learning, as embodied in *Growth Mindset* principles.
- One to one and small group interventions, including those delivered by qualified teachers, whose impact is assessed on a half-termly basis.
- The provision of opportunities such as music, extra-curricular sports and arts clubs, 'Homework Club,' and educational visits.

Planned Strategy	Aim	Estimated
		Cost
Provision of a <i>Family Support Worker</i> to support pupils and their families to improve attendance and provide emotional support.	Teachers have identified the emotional wellbeing of a significant number of <i>disadvantaged</i> pupils as a barrier to their progress. In response to this a Family Support Worker works closely with families of disadvantaged pupils to encourage strategies for good attendance and to provide support for families.	£11,000
Provision of a <i>Play Therapist</i> to work 1:1 in supporting children in years 1-4 with their emotional needs.	To build pupil resilience to challenging family circumstances and to develop ability to communicate openly with adults and peers	£5,364
Continued specialised support in Phonics for EYFS and Year 1	This one to one and small group intervention has proven successful in addressing the gaps of individual <i>disadvantaged</i> pupils and helped ready them for the Year 1 Phonics Test.	£3,500
Provision of intervention by teachers and teaching assistant to support	To provide small group interventions based on formative assessment by teachers to narrow the gap and/or extend disadvantaged children.	£7762.50

appropriately dressed for school including PE activities.	Inclusivity is furthered through children having standard uniform.	
appropriately draced for school	them to participate in all school activities safely and warmly.	
enable disadvantaged pupils to be	includes ensuring that their school uniform and PE clothes allow	
Provision of uniform/vouchers to	It is important that the basic needs of pupils are met which	£2460
	Lee Elliot Major – The Sutton Trust, 2015)	
	ambition. To provide cultural capital. (Creating Cultural Capital:	
	pupils. These help to develop readiness to learn, confidence and	
to access other educational visits.	possible, have the same opportunities as <i>non-disadvantaged</i>	1755
Funding to allow <i>disadvantaged</i> pupils	We consider it essential that <i>disadvantaged</i> pupils, as far as	£495
	Lee Elliot Major – The Sutton Trust, 2015)	
	ambition. To provide cultural capital. (Creating Cultural Capital:	
IU ALLESS FOL VISIL.	pupils. These help to develop readiness to learn, confidence and	
Funding to allow <i>disadvantaged</i> pupils to access PGL visit.	We consider it essential that <i>disadvantaged</i> pupils, as far as possible, have the same opportunities as <i>non-disadvantaged</i>	£1600
Eunding to allow disadvantaged availa	engagement of pupils and increase self-esteem.	£1600
	not be completed. To date, this has been shown to improve	
before school for homework)	teacher support to help with homework that would otherwise	
Homework Club (Small group tuition	To enable pupils to access a range of IT resources and receive	£1786
	focus on improving academic achievement in spelling.	
Provision of lunchtime academic clubs	To develop readiness to learn, confidence and ambition with a	£1197
	Major – The Sutton Trust, 2015)	
	provide cultural capital. (Creating Cultural Capital: Lee Elliot	
Provision of afterschool sports clubs	To develop readiness to learn, confidence and ambition. To	£2000
	Cultural Capital: Lee Elliot Major – The Sutton Trust, 2015).	
	esteem and engagement. To provide cultural capital. (Creating	
	pupils. Participating in music lessons has led to improved self-	
	possible, have the same opportunities as non-disadvantaged	
Peripatetic music lessons	We consider it essential that <i>disadvantaged</i> pupils, as far as	£3690
	the tracking of progress of target groups.	
	improves the feedback given to <i>disadvantaged pupils</i> and allows	
	and improves the link between attainment and planning. It also	
	to better track the progress, and identify the gaps, of all pupils	
Target Tracker	This assessment system has enabled teachers and school leaders	£1600
	support provided at home.	
	offer additional practice opportunities where there might be less	
	<i>pupils</i> may have carried forward from their previous band and	
	curriculum. It has been chosen to fill gaps that <i>disadvantaged</i>	
	teacher or parental support on an individualised mathematics	T222
My Maths	This online resource allows pupils to work independently or with	£339
	teacher or parental support on an individualised reading/spelling curriculum.	
Nessy	This online resource allows pupils to work independently or with	£600
	Human Motivation: Abraham Maslow, 1943).	
	concentration of <i>disadvantaged pupils</i> in schools. (A Theory of	
	strong evidence that the provision of healthy food improves the	
The provision of morning snacks.	It is important that the basic needs of pupils are met and there is	£750